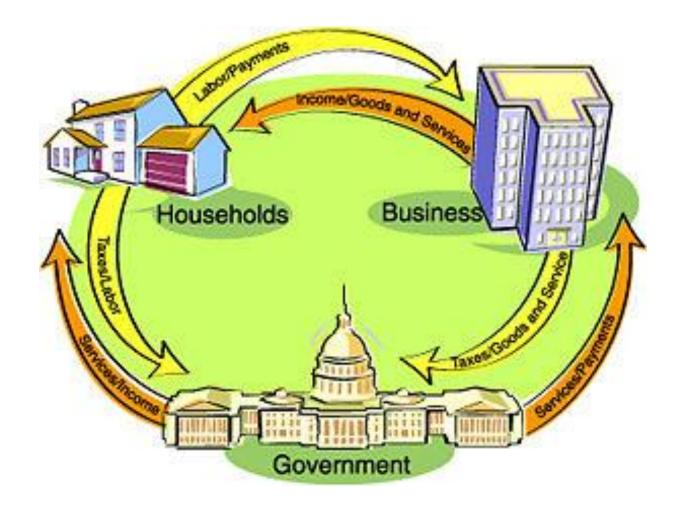
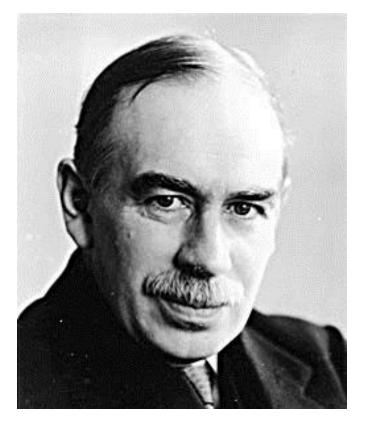
Chapter 2 Recap

Circular Flow



Who are the big economic thinkers?

John Maynard Keynes 1883-1946



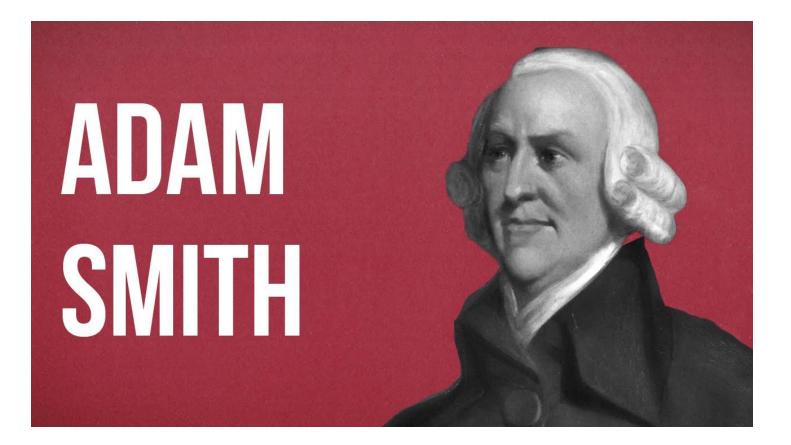
Friedrich Hayek 1899-1992

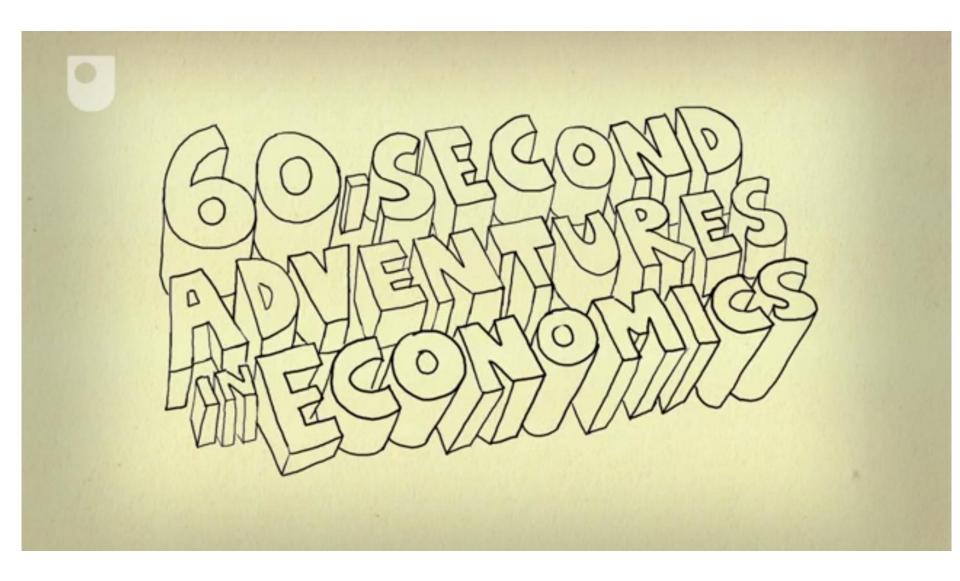


More Government Control

Government stay out!

Adam Smith and the Invisible Hand





What are the characteristics of a centrally planned economy?

- The central government owns all land and capital
- The central government makes all economic decisions
- Each person is assigned a job

What is the struggle among various producers for the consumer's business called.

Competition



What are key economic questions?

- What goods and services should be produced?
- How should these goods and services be produced?
- Who consumes these goods and services?

What is the most important advantage of a free market?

• It encourages growth



What incentive motivates a manufacturer to sell a product?

• Making profits on sales



What is the product market?

• The market in which households purchase the goods and services that firms produce

In what kind of an economy does the government make all the decisions?

Centrally planned

What is the purpose of competition?

• To act as a regulating force in the marketplace

What is the function of an economic system?

• To produce and distribute goods and services

Collectives in the Soviet Union were inefficient producers of agricultural products. Why?

 Farm workers had guaranteed incomes, so they had few incentives to produce more or better crops. What are the weaknesses of a centrally planned economy?

- Consumer's needs are generally not met
- Workers lack incentives to be innovative
- Individual freedoms are sacrificed for societal goals.